عنوان مقاله:
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عنوان انگلیسی مقاله:
Persistent Pain and Neurosensory Disturbance After Dental Implant Surgery: Pathophysiology, Etiology, and Diagnosis

توجه!
این فایل تنها قسمتی از ترجمه میباشد. برای تهیه مقاله ترجمه شده کامل با فرمت ورد (قابل ویرایش) همراه با نسخه انگلیسی مقاله، اینجا کلیک کنید.
SUMMARY

There are multiple risk factors for the development of persistent postsurgical pain. However, the incidence of neurosensory deficits after dental implant placement is relatively low. Many factors probably contribute to the development of a neurosensory deficit, including variations in implant techniques, the operator’s skill, the proximity to the nerve canal, and even the psychological status of patient. In addition, some studies suggest that certain patients may be genetically more susceptible to neurosensory changes after nerve injury.

It is also important to realize that published studies of neurosensory deficits have not always separated painful conditions from nonpainful alterations. Although all neurosensory deficits have a negative impact on the patient, persistent neuropathic pain disorders are likely to have the greatest effect on quality of life. The dentist must focus on these conditions and determine how to minimize these adverse consequences.