عنوان فارسی مقاله:
محدودیت‌های فیتوسنتیتری آمریکا: مانع غیر تعریف‌های فراموش شده

عنوان انگلیسی مقاله:
US phytosanitary restrictions: the forgotten non-tariff barrier

توجه!
این فایل تنها قسمتی از ترجمه می‌باشد. برای تهیه مقاله ترجمه شده کامل با فرمت ورد (قابل ویرایش) همراه با نسخه انگلیسی مقاله، اینجا کلیک نمایید.
5. Conclusion and policy implications

This paper has shown that US phytosanitary measures that are primarily designed to protect plants from pests represent a significant market access barrier in the FF&V sector, particularly for developing countries where the human, technical and financial resources needed for compliance may be lacking. US market access is restricted in terms of the number of countries authorized to export FF&V: the evolution over time of new entry into the US market has been slow, and far fewer countries are allowed to export FF&V to the USA than to comparable third markets, such as the EU, or even Canada. Although traditional trade policies and geographical factors also play some role in the number of exporters actively engaged with different markets, the primary evidence suggests that phytosanitary measures also play an important role. In particular, the “positive list” approach applied by the USA—which bans all FF&V imports except from explicitly authorized countries—amounts to a costly and often prohibitive non-tariff barrier for many developing country exporters.